

## UPDATE FROM THE CUTTING EDGE

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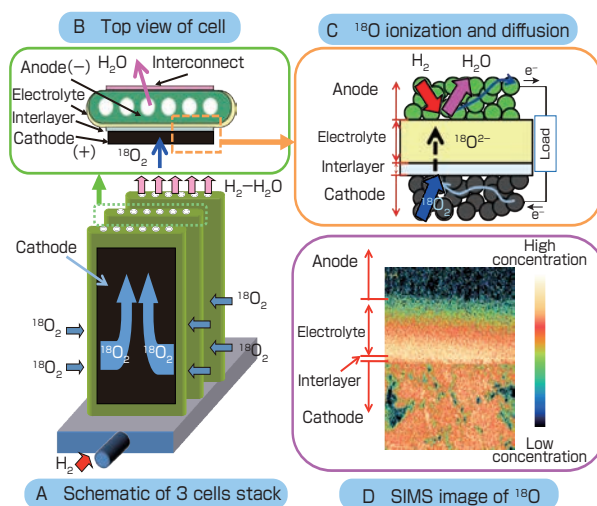
The abstracts of the recent research information appearing in Vol.11 No.1-3 of "AIST TODAY" are introduced here, classified by research areas. For inquiry about the full article, please contact the author via e-mail.

Environment and Energy

### Visualization of oxide ionic flow inside the solid oxide fuel cells (SOFC)

#### Development of new analytical tools for understanding of SOFC reaction mechanism

We have developed a labeling technique using stable isotope oxygen ( $^{18}\text{O}$ ) for "direct observation" of oxygen/oxide ion movements at the cathode/interlayer/electrolyte interfaces in a practical flatten-tube solid oxide fuel cells. The traces of oxygen motions were labeled during fuel cell reaction (current density of  $0.25 \text{ A/cm}^2$  at  $650 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ), and the  $^{18}\text{O}$  incorporation and diffusion were visualized in a "frozen state" by secondary ion mass spectrometry (SIMS). The active  $^{18}\text{O}$  ionization and incorporation sites were found to be in the  $\text{CeO}_2$ -interlayer between cathode and electrolyte. The higher  $^{18}\text{O}$ -concentration in the electrolyte was identified at the bottom of cell (higher current density at bottom).



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Schematic diagrams of  $^{18}\text{O}_2$  incorporation into flatten tube SOFC stack (A), diffusion of  $^{18}\text{O}$  inside the single cell (B), diffusion of  $^{18}\text{O}_2$  and ionic flow of  $^{18}\text{O}^{2-}$  (C), and SIMS image of  $^{18}\text{O}$  at the interfaces (D)