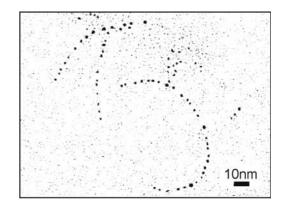
## One-Dimensional Organization of Copper Nanoparticles

Masaki KOGISO Nanoarchitectonics Research Center e-mail: m-kogiso@aist.go.jp AIST Today Vol. 3, No. 1 (2003) 19

Hideo TOKUHISA Nanoarchitectonics Research Center e-mail: h-tokuhisa@aist.go.jp AIST Today Vol. 3, No. 1 (2003) 20 One-dimensional copper nanoparticles have been easily organized by one-step wet chemical technique. Dicarboxylic peptide bolaamphiphile coordinated with copper ions to form metal-lipid hybrid nanofibers in water. When copper ions were reduced by hydrazine using hybrid nanofiber as a template, a gray colloidal dispersion was obtained. TEM of the colloidal dispersion show the existence of fibrous assemblies and large aggregates. High-magnification TEM also clarified that nanoparticles with diameters of 1-3 nm are organized one-dimensionally at intervals of 2-5 nm.



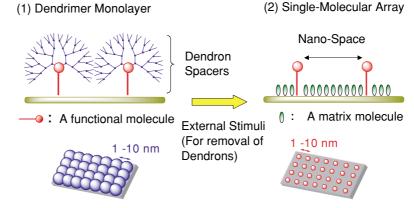
TEM image of the colloid

## A New Method to Construct Single-Molecular Arrays

We have developed a new method to construct nanospace around a single molecule using dendrimer architectures on surfaces so that the individual molecules can function without intervention from the neighbors, like electrical crosstalk, mechanical contact and so on.

Our new method is as follows: First, a selfassembled monolayer of dendrimers having a functional molecule with a sticky group on the surface is formed on Au or Si surface. The functional molecule is focally-substituted with the dendrons through bonding labile to external stimuli such as a base, light, etc. Second, the dendron spacers are removed by external stimuli so that a single-molecule-array with a lattice spacing dependent on the size of the dendron is left on the surface.

Taking advantage of this new method, we are now developing complicated single-molecular devices.



A new method to construct single-molecular arrays using dendron spacers